

Bitte beachten Sie: Dieses Dokument wurde automatisch erstellt und ist kein Ersatz für das Originaldokument des Herstellers.

Product Datasheet

Human Arginase 1 protein, His tag, Unconjugated GTX00168-PRO

Artikelname	Human Arginase 1 protein, His tag, Unconjugated
Artikelnummer	GTX00168-PRO
Hersteller Artikelnummer	GTX00168-pro
Alternativnummer	GTX00168-PRO-10
Hersteller	GeneTex
Kategorie	Proteine/Peptide
Applikation	FA
Spezies Reaktivität	Human
Konjugation	Unconjugated
NCBI	383
UniProt	P05089
Puffer	Reconstitute with 20mM Tris and 150mM NaCl to 0.1-1.0mg/ml. Do not vortex. Lyophilized from 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, 1mM EDTA, 1mM DTT, 0.01% SKL, 5% Trehalose, ProClin 300.
Expression System	E. coli
Formulierung	Lyophilized powder
Sequenz	Full length protein, N-terminal His-Tag, Met1~Lys322 (NP_000036.2)

Anwendungsbeschreibung

Arginase (Arg) is an enzyme that catalyzes the degradation of arginine to produce urea and ornithine, which is crucial in the urea cycle. In most mammals, two isozymes of this enzyme exist, the first, Arginase I, functions in the urea cycle, and is located primarily in the cytoplasm of the liver. The second isozyme, Arginase II, has been implicated in the regulation of the arginine/ornithine concentrations in the cell. Besides, Ubiquitin Carboxyl Terminal Hydrolase L5 (UCHL5) has been identified as an interactor of Arg, thus a binding ELISA assay was conducted to detect the interaction of recombinant human Arg and recombinant human UCHL5. Briefly, Arg were diluted serially in PBS, with 0.01% BSA (pH 7.4). Duplicate samples of 100 µl were then transferred to UCHL5-coated microtiter wells and incubated for 2h at 37C. Wells were washed with PBST and incubated for 1h with anti-Arg pAb, then aspirated and washed 3 times. After incubation with HRP labelled secondary antibody, wells were aspirated and washed 3 times. With the addition of substrate solution, wells were incubated 15-25 minutes at 37C. Finally, add 50 µl stop solution to the wells and read at 450nm immediately. The binding activity of Arg and UCHL5 was in a dose dependent manner.